



2015
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REPUBLIKA SLOVENIJA
MINISTRSTVO ZA KULTURO

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Il Divino

Hommage à Cipriano de Rore

Moteti in madrigali ob 450. obletnici njegove smrti
Motets & madrigals for the 450th anniversary of his death

Torek / Tuesday, 10. 11. 15, 19:30, Maribor, Mariborski grad / Maribor Castle
Vstopnice / tickets: 5 / 18 / 20 / 25 €, Festibus: Ljubljana, Hala Tivoli - 16:50, 10 €

Sreda / Wednesday, 11. 11. 15, 19:30, Brestanica, Grad Rajhenburg / Rajhenburg Castle
Vstopnice / tickets: 5 / 18 / 20 / 25 €, Festibus: Ljubljana, Hala Tivoli - 16:50, 10 €

P Festivalski predtakt: pogovor z umetniki uro pred koncertom. / *The festival upbeat: Conversation with the artists one hour before the concert.*

PRODAJA VSTOPNIC / TICKET SALES

Eventimova prodajna mesta / *Eventim ticket outlets in / and* Ars Ramovš E: info@k-ramovs.si, W: www.seviqc-brezice.si

Slovenske železnice

eventim.si
PRODAJA VSTOPNIC

RTV SLO Radio Slovenija ARS

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Slovenski glasbeni inštitut
Slovenian Music Information Centre

I FEEL LOVE
SLOVENIA



MARIBOR

Grad Maribor je eden od najimnitnejših arhitekturnih spomenikov v Mariboru in se nahaja v mestnem središču. Grad, ki ga krasijo različna stilna in gradbena obdobja, je dal med letoma 1478 in 1483 zgraditi cesar Friderik III. Pokrajinski muzej Maribor se je vanj preselil leta 1938. Osrednji prostor gradu je viteška dvorana, ki ima bogato notranjo. V viteški dvorani je leta 1847 koncertiral tudi Franz Liszt.

Maribor Castle is one of the outstanding architectural monuments in Maribor. It is located in the city centre and shows signs of different stylistic and architectural periods. It was built by the order of Emperor Frederick III between 1478 and 1483. The Maribor Regional Museum moved its collections there in 1938. The main space in the castle is the Knights' Hall with its rich interior and paintings. Several important people visited Maribor castle in the past. In 1847 The Knights' Hall hosted the great Franz Liszt.

BRESTANICA

Grad Rajhenburg na skalnem pomolu nad reko Savo gospoduje že vsaj od 9. stoletja. V njem sta bili odkriti najstarejša romanska kapela na Slovenskem iz začetka 12. stoletja in najstarejša ohranjena grajska poslikava na slovenskem ozemlju iz začetka 16. stoletja. Leta 1881 so grad kupili menihi trapisti iz Francije in ga preuredili v samostan, najbolj znani so bili po izdelovanju sira in industrijski proizvodnji čokolade in likerjev. Grad so aprila 1941 zavzeli Nemci in v njem uredili taborišče za izgon Slovencev. Od leta 1968, ko so na gradu postavili muzejsko razstavo Slovenski izgnanci med drugo svetovno vojno, se je grad postopno spreminjal v muzejski objekt.

Rajhenburg Castle has presided on its rocky prominence over the Sava River at least since the 9th century. How could it not since it boasts the oldest Romanesque chapel from the beginning of the 12th century and the oldest preserved Renaissance frescoes in the castle hall from the beginning of the 16th century in Slovenia. In 1881 the castle was bought by French Trappist monks and turned into a monastery. The Trappists were very industrious, being most famous for their making of cheese (trappist) and manufacture of chocolates and liqueurs. In April 1941 the castle was taken over by the Germans, who set up a deportee camp. After 1968, when it hosted the exhibition „Slovenian deportees during World War II“, the castle has been gradually transformed into a museum that it is today.

